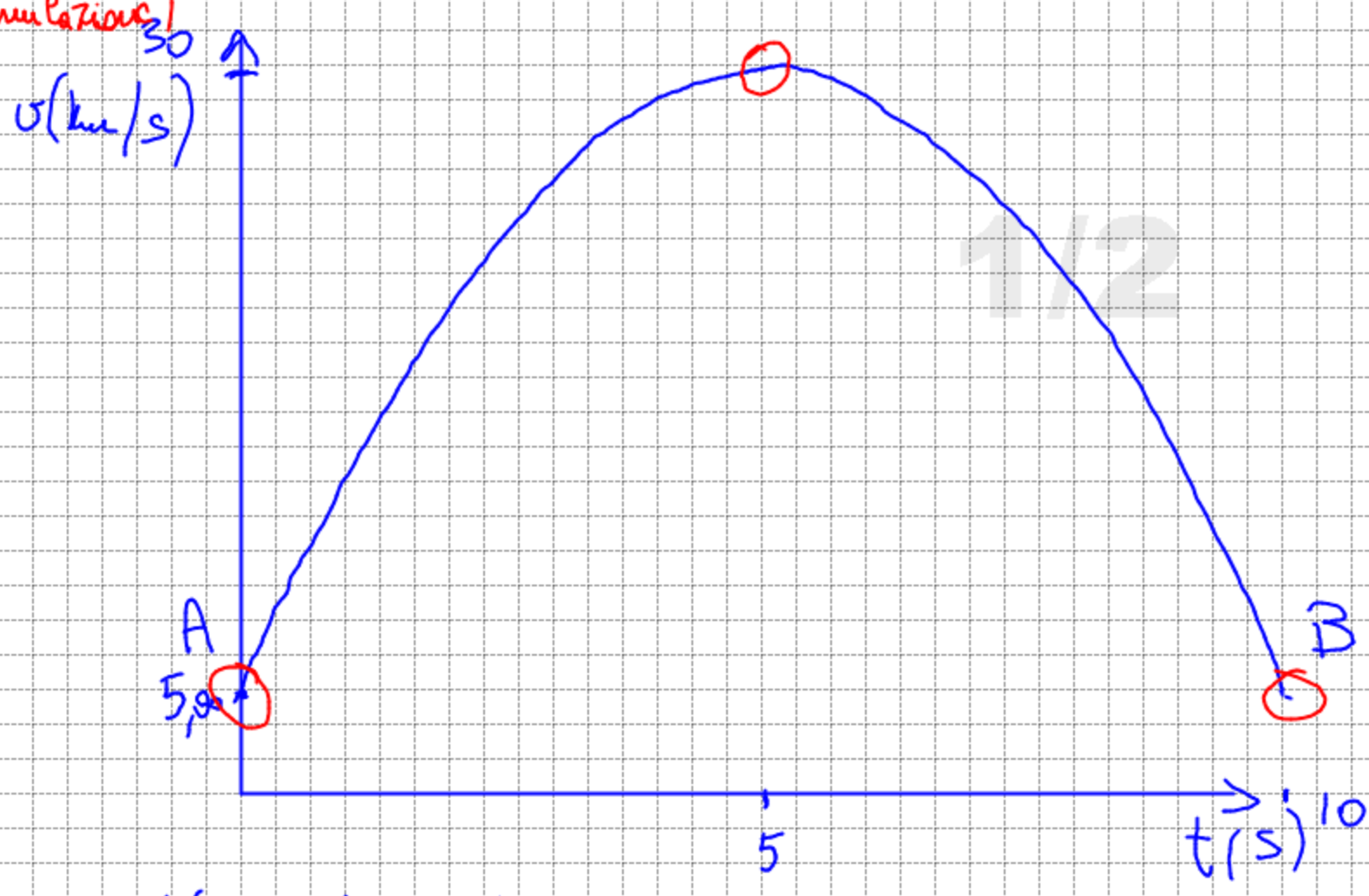


P1 (simulations)



$V(5, 30)$ $A(0, 5)$ $B(10, 5)$

$$v = at^2 + bt + c$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{XV} & \begin{cases} -\frac{b}{2a} = 5 \\ 5 = c \\ 30 = 25a + 5b + c \end{cases} & \begin{cases} b = -10a \\ c = 5 \\ 25a - 50a + 5 = 30 \end{cases} & \begin{cases} b = -10a \\ c = 5 \\ -25a = 25 \end{cases} \\
 A & & & \\
 V & & & \\
 & \begin{cases} a = -1 \\ b = 10 \\ c = 5 \end{cases} & \boxed{v(t) = -t^2 + 10t + 5} &
 \end{aligned}$$

1) $s(t) = -\frac{1}{3}t^3 + 5t^2 + 5t \quad \text{con } t \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v(t) &= \frac{ds(t)}{dt} & \frac{ds(t)}{dt} &= -\frac{1}{3}3t^2 + 5(2t) + 5 = \\
 & & &= -t^2 + 10t + 5 = v(t)
 \end{aligned}$$

2) secondo meteorite che interseca il primo in T:

affinché avvenga l'urto deve succedere che nello stesso istante t i due meteoriti si trovino nello stesso spazio s .

3) 1° meteorite: $s(t) = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t \quad t \geq t_{URTO}$

$$\begin{cases} s(t) = -\frac{1}{3}t^3 + 5t^2 + 5t & 0 \leq t \leq t_{URTO} \\ s(t) = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t & t \geq t_{URTO} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3}t^3 + 5t^2 + 5t = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t \\ s(t) = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t \end{cases} \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3}t^3 + 3t^2 + \frac{10}{3}t = 0 \\ s(t) = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} t \left(-\frac{1}{3}t^2 + 3t + \frac{10}{3} \right) = 0 \\ s(t) = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t \end{cases} \begin{cases} t = 0 \\ t = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 + \frac{40}{9}}}{-\frac{2}{3}} = \\ \left(-3 - \frac{11}{3} \right) \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right) \\ \left(-3 + \frac{11}{3} \right) \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right) \end{cases} \begin{cases} = \\ = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{121/9}}{-2/3} \end{cases} \begin{cases} \rightarrow 10 \\ \rightarrow -1 \end{cases}$$

$t = -1s$ non è accettabile ($t \geq 0$)

$t = 10s$ accettabile!

$$\begin{cases} s(t) = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t \\ t = 10s \end{cases} \quad s(10s) = 200 + \frac{50}{3} = \frac{650}{3} \text{ km} = 216,7 \text{ km}$$

$P(10s; 217 \text{ km})$ è il punto in cui i due meteoriti urtano.

5) $0 \leq t \leq 3t_{URTO}$

$$s(t) = \begin{cases} s(t) = -\frac{1}{3}t^3 + 5t^2 + 5t & 0 \leq t \leq t_{URTO}(10s) \\ s(t) = 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t & (10s)t_{URTO} \leq t \leq 3t_{URTO}(30s) \end{cases}$$

$$s(10s) = -\frac{1}{3}(1000) + 500 + 50 = \frac{-1000 + 1500 + 150}{3} = \frac{650}{3}$$

$$s(10s) = 2(100) + \frac{50}{3} = \frac{600 + 50}{3} = \frac{650}{3}$$

$$v(t) = \begin{cases} -t^2 + 10t + 5 & 0 \leq t \leq 10s \\ 4t + \frac{5}{3} & 10s \leq t \leq 30s \end{cases}$$

$$v_-(10s) = -100 + 100 + 5 = 5 \frac{\text{km}}{s}$$

$$v_+(10s) = 40 + \frac{5}{3} = \frac{125}{3} = 41,6 \frac{\text{km}}{s}$$

$$s(t) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3}t^3 + 5t^2 + 5t & 0 \leq t \leq 10s \\ 2t^2 + \frac{5}{3}t & 10s \leq t \leq 30s \end{cases}$$

$$s(10) = 217 \text{ km}$$

$$-t^2 + 10t + 5$$

$$t = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25+5}}{-2}$$

$$= \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{30}}{-2}$$

$$t_1 = \frac{5 - \sqrt{30}}{2}$$

$$t_2 = \frac{5 + \sqrt{30}}{2}$$

