



$$F_L = qvB \quad F_C = m \frac{v^2}{r} \quad qvB = m \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$r = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

mega (10⁶)

PROTONI: $(m_0)_p \approx 940 \text{ MeV} = 940 \times 10^6 \times 1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

eV volt.

$1 \text{ eV} = 1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

$$(m_p) = 1,5 (m_0)_p$$

$$\gamma = \frac{(m_0)_p}{\sqrt{1-\beta^2}} \quad \text{con } \beta = \frac{v}{c}$$

$$\frac{(m_0)_p}{\sqrt{1-\beta^2}} = 1,5 (m_0)_p$$

$$\frac{\cancel{(m_0)_p}}{\sqrt{1-\beta^2}} = 1,5 \cancel{(m_0)_p} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\beta^2}} = 1,5$$

$$\sqrt{1-\beta^2} = \frac{1}{1,5} \quad 1-\beta^2 = \left(\frac{1}{1,5}\right)^2$$

$$\beta^2 = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{1,5}\right)^2 \quad \beta = 0,74 \approx 74\% \text{ della velocità della luce}$$

$$\beta^2 = 1 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \Rightarrow \beta^2 = 1 - \frac{4}{9} \quad \beta^2 = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$r = \frac{m_p v}{qB} = \frac{1,67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \times 0,74 \times 3 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}{1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} \times 3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}}$$

$$= 0,77 \times 10^5 \text{ m} = 77 \text{ km}$$

ELETTRONE:

$$(m)_e = 3 (m_0)_e$$

$$r \approx 53 \text{ m} \quad \text{in realtà } r \approx 100 \text{ m}$$