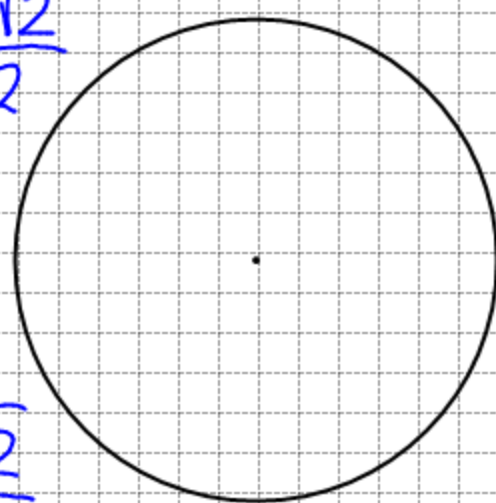


$$\begin{cases} 2x + y = \frac{\pi}{4} \\ \cos x + \operatorname{sen} y = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ \cos x + \operatorname{sen} \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \right) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ \cos x + \operatorname{sen} \frac{\pi}{4} \cos 2x - \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \operatorname{sen} 2x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ \cos x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos 2x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \operatorname{sen} 2x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ \cos x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (\cos^2 x - \operatorname{sen}^2 x) - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (2 \operatorname{sen} x \cos x) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ 2 \cos x + \sqrt{2} \cos^2 x - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen}^2 x - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen} x \cos x + \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ 2 \cos x + \sqrt{2} \cos^2 x - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen}^2 x - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen} x \cos x + \sqrt{2} \cos^2 x + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen}^2 x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ 2\sqrt{2} \cos^2 x - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen} x \cos x + 2 \cos x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ 2 \cos x (\sqrt{2} \cos x - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen} x + 1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ 2 \cos x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ \sqrt{2} \cos x - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sen} x + 1 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ \cos x = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ x = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases} S_1$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - \pi - 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \\ x = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases} \boxed{\begin{cases} y = -\frac{3\pi}{4} - 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \\ x = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ \sqrt{2} \cos x - \sqrt{2} \sin x + 1 = 0 \quad *$$

\* Risoluzione algebrica  $\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} = t \quad \cos \frac{x}{2} \neq 0 \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{x}{2} \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow x \neq \pi + 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\text{se } x = \pi + 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} \cos \pi - \sqrt{2} \sin \pi + 1 = 0$$

$$-\sqrt{2} + 0 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \text{NO!}$$

$$\begin{cases} \cos x = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2} \\ \sin x = \frac{2t}{1+t^2} \end{cases} \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}(1-t^2)}{1+t^2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(2t)}{1+t^2} + 1 = 0$$

$$\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}t^2 - 2\sqrt{2}t + 1 + t^2 = 0$$

$$t^2(1-\sqrt{2}) - 2\sqrt{2}t + (1+\sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$t_{1,2} = \frac{+\sqrt{2} \pm \sqrt{2-1+2}}{(1-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \pm \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}}$$

$$t_1 = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} = \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \right) + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$t_2 = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} = \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \right) \quad k \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \right) \quad k \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \right) \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \right) \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{2}} \right) + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases} \quad \textcircled{2} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 2x \\ x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{2}} \right) + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 4 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{2}} \right) - 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \\ x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{2}} \right) + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \begin{cases} y = \frac{\pi}{4} - 4 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{2}} \right) - 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \\ x = 2 \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{2}} \right) + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$$

$$\sin x + \cos x = 1$$

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Risoluzione grafica

$$\begin{cases} \sin x = Y \\ \cos x = X \\ X^2 + Y^2 = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} Y + X = 1 \\ X^2 + Y^2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$S_1: x = 0 + 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$S_2: x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \\ k \in \mathbb{N}$$

