

$$F = m \cdot a$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

$$F = m \cdot \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} \rightarrow \Delta p$$

$$\Delta v = v_f - v_i$$

$$v_i = v \quad v_f = -v$$

$$\Delta v = |-v - v|$$

$$\Delta v = 2v$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{\Delta s}{v} \Rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{2L}{v}$$

$$\Delta s = 2L$$

$$p = \frac{F}{S}$$

$$p = \frac{\frac{mv^2}{L}}{L^2}$$

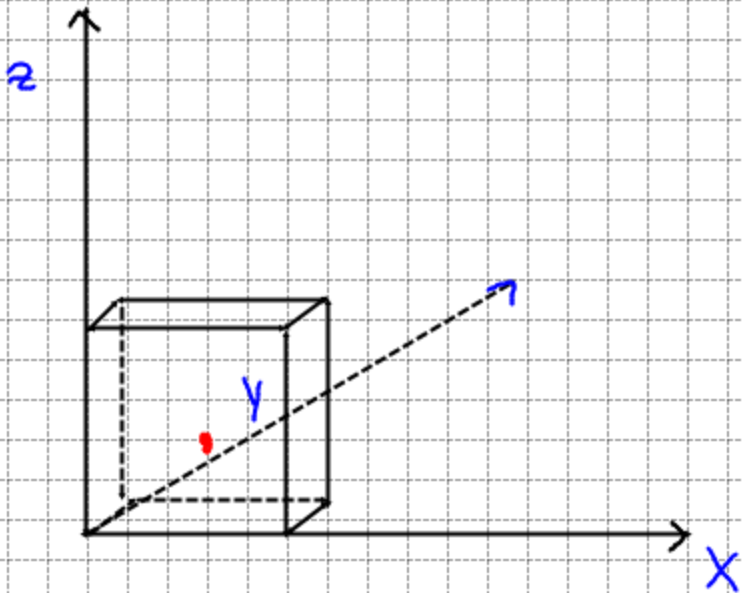
$$p = \frac{mv^2}{L^3}$$

$$p = \frac{mv^2}{V}$$

$$pV = mv^2$$

$$pV = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} mv^2 \right)$$

$$pV = 2 \langle E_{\text{kin}} \rangle$$



$$\langle v^2 \rangle = \langle v_x^2 \rangle + \langle v_y^2 \rangle + \langle v_z^2 \rangle$$

$$\langle v^2 \rangle = 3 \langle v_x^2 \rangle$$

$$\langle v_x^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{3} \langle v^2 \rangle$$

$$pV = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} m \langle v_x^2 \rangle \right)$$

$$pV = \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} m \langle v^2 \rangle \right)$$

$$pV = \frac{2}{3} \langle E_{\text{kin}} \rangle$$

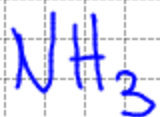
$$pV = nRT$$

$$nRT = \frac{2}{3} \langle E_{\text{kin}} \rangle$$

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$$V = 10 \text{ l}$$

$$n = 1 \text{ mol}$$



$$p = 2,5 \text{ bar}$$

$$\langle E_{\text{cin}} \rangle = ?$$

$$\langle E_{\text{cin}} \rangle = \frac{3}{2} k T$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$T = \frac{pV}{nR} = \frac{2,5 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa} \cdot 10 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3}{1 \text{ mol} \cdot 8,314 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K} \cdot \text{mol}}}$$

$$1 \text{ bar} = 1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa} \quad T = 3 \cdot 10^2 \text{ K} = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$1 \text{ Pa} = \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} = \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot 1 \text{ m/s}^2}{\text{m}^2} = \text{kg/m}^2 \text{s}^2 = \text{J/m}$$

$$\text{energia} \leftarrow \frac{(\text{Pa} \cdot \text{m}^3) \cdot \text{K}}{\text{J}} = \frac{\cancel{\text{J}} \cdot \text{K}}{\cancel{\text{J}}}$$

$$\langle E_{\text{cin}} \rangle = \frac{3}{2} \cdot 1,38 \cdot 10^{-23} \cdot 300 \text{ K} = 621 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ J}$$

$$k = \frac{R}{N_A} = 1,38 \cdot 10^{-23}$$

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$$N_{\text{molecole}} = 2 \cdot 10^9$$

$$V = 1 \text{ mm}^3 = 1 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}^3$$

$$T = 20^\circ\text{C} = 293 \text{ K}$$

$$pV = KNT$$

$$p = \frac{KNT}{V} = \frac{(1,38 \cdot 10^{-23})(2 \cdot 10^9)(293 \text{ K})}{1 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}^3} \approx 800 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ Pa}$$
$$\approx 8 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Pa}$$

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$$m_1 = 1 \text{ g di elio}$$

$$M_{\text{He}} = 4 \text{ uma} = 4 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$1 \text{ uma} = 1,67 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 1 \text{ g di Argon}$$

$$M_{\text{Ar}} = 40 \text{ uma} = 40 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$T = \text{cost}$$

$$\Delta p = ?$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M}$$

$$n_{\text{He}} = \frac{1 \text{ g}}{4 \text{ g/mol}} = 0,25 \text{ mol}$$

$$n_{\text{Ar}} = \frac{1 \text{ g}}{40 \text{ g/mol}} = 0,025 \text{ mol}$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p_0} = \frac{\Delta p V}{p_0 V} = \frac{(n_{\text{He}} + n_{\text{Ar}})RT - n_{\text{He}}RT}{n_{\text{He}}RT}$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p_0} = \frac{n_{\text{Ar}}}{n_{\text{He}}} = \frac{4}{40} = 0,1 \quad \frac{\Delta p}{p_0} = 10\%$$