

# LIMITE INFINITO-INFINITO

1/2

Def. Data  $y=f(x)$  funzione,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$$

$\forall M > 0 \exists I_M(\infty)$  e corrispondentemente  $\exists N > 0$   
cioè  $I_N(\infty) / \forall x \in I_N(\infty)$  [cioè  $|x| > N$ ] si  
ha  $|f(x)| > M$

ovvero bisogna risolvere:

$$\begin{cases} |x| > N \\ |f(x)| > M \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x < -N \cup x > N \\ f(x) < -M \cup f(x) > M \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = +\infty$$

$\forall M > 0 \exists I_M(+\infty)$  e corrisp.  
 $\exists N > 0$  cioè  $I_N(+\infty) / \forall x \in I_N(+\infty)$   
[cioè  $x > N$ ] si ha  
 $f(x) > M$

ovvero:

$$\begin{cases} x > N \\ f(x) > M \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$$

$\forall -M < 0 \exists I_{-M}(-\infty)$  e  
 corrisp.  $\exists -N < 0$  cioè  
 $\exists I_{-N}(-\infty) / \forall x \in I_{-N}(-\infty)$   
 si ha  $f(x) < -M$   
 ovvero

$$\begin{cases} x < -N \\ f(x) < -M \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = -\infty$$

$\forall -M < 0 \exists I_{-M}(-\infty)$  e corrisp.  
 $\exists N > 0$  cioè  $I_N(+\infty) / \forall x \in I_N(+\infty)$   
 [cioè  $x > N$ ] si ha  
 $f(x) < -M$

ovvero

$$\begin{cases} x > N \\ f(x) < -M \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = +\infty$$

$\forall M > 0 \exists I_M(+\infty)$  e corrisp.  
 $\exists -N < 0$  cioè  $I_{-N}(-\infty) /$   
 $\forall x \in I_{-N}(-\infty)$  [cioè  $x < -N$ ]  
 si ha de  
 $f(x) > M$

ovvero

$$\begin{cases} x < -N \\ f(x) > M \end{cases}$$

# ESEMPIO

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2}{x-1} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2}{x \left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)} = -\infty$$

Verifico

$\forall -M < 0 \exists I_{-M}(-\infty)$  e conv. p.  $\exists -N < 0$  cioè  $\exists I_{-N}(-\infty)$   
 $\forall x \in I_{-N}(-\infty)$  [cioè  $x < -N$ ] si ha  $f(x) < -M$ . ovvero

$$\begin{cases} x < -N \\ f(x) < -M \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x < -N \\ \frac{x^2}{x-1} < -M \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x < -N \\ \frac{x^2 + Mx - M}{x-1} < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x < -N \\ x < \frac{-M - \sqrt{M^2 + 4M}}{2} \cup 1 < x < \frac{-M + \sqrt{M^2 + 4M}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$x = \frac{-M \pm \sqrt{M^2 + 4M}}{2}$$

	$\frac{-M - \sqrt{M^2 + 4M}}{2}$	1	$\frac{-M + \sqrt{M^2 + 4M}}{2}$	
	2		2	x
	+	-	-	+
	-	-	+	+
	-	+	-	+
	↑		↑	

