

$$m^{-5}$$

1/3

$$3c = K$$

$$3t_c = t_K$$

$$T_K = T_C + 273,15$$

$$3t_c = T_c + 273,15$$

$$2t_c = 273,15$$

$$T_c = \frac{273,15}{2} = 136^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_K = 136^\circ\text{C} + 273 = 410\text{K}$$

m^o 7

2/3

$$a \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} = 4,0 \text{ cm}$$

$$\Delta L = 20,0 \text{ cm}$$

$$a \ 100^{\circ}\text{C} = 24,0 \text{ cm}$$

$$\Delta t = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\Delta L : \Delta t = x + 4 : 22^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$20 : 100 = x + 4 : 22$$

$$x = \frac{22 \cdot 20}{100} = 4,4$$

$$\Delta L = \lambda_{me} L_0 \Delta t$$

20 cm

$$\Delta L_{100} = L_{100} - L_0 \quad \Delta t_{100} = 100 - 0 = 100$$

$$\Delta L_t = L_t - L_0 \quad \Delta t_t = t - 0 = t \quad 22^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\Delta L_{100} = \lambda_{me} L_0 \Delta t_{100}$$

$$\Delta L_t = \lambda_{me} L_0 \Delta t_t$$

$$\frac{\Delta L_{100}}{\Delta L_t} = \frac{\cancel{\lambda_{me}} \cancel{L_0} \Delta t_{100}}{\cancel{\lambda_{me}} \cancel{L_0} \Delta t_t}$$

$$\frac{0,02 \text{ m}}{L_t - 0,04 \text{ m}} = \frac{100}{22^{\circ}\text{C}}$$

$$L_t = 8,4 \text{ cm}$$

m³ 16

$$S = 6,00 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\alpha_{me} = 1,80 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$\Delta L = 3,00 \text{ mm}$ per ogni aumento di 1K

$$\Delta v = \alpha_{me} V_0 \Delta t$$

$$\Delta t = 1 \text{ K} \Rightarrow \Delta v = S \Delta L \Rightarrow \Delta v = 6,00 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mm}^2 \cdot 3 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta v = 6 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m} = 18 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_0 = \frac{\Delta v}{\alpha_{me} \Delta t} \Rightarrow V_0 = \frac{18 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ m}^3}{1,8 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{1}{\text{K}} \cdot 1 \text{ K}} = 10 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ m}^3$$

$$10^{-7} \text{ m}^3 = 0,1 \text{ cm}^3$$