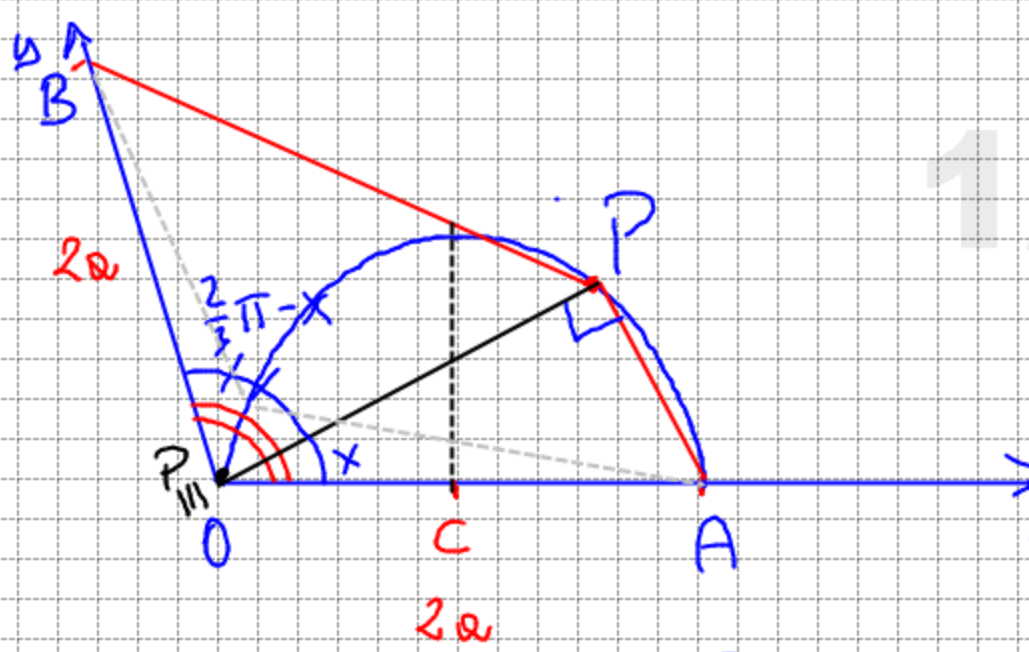


# PROBLEMA



**DATI**  
 $\widehat{XOY} = \frac{2}{3}\pi$   
 $\overline{OA} = \overline{OB} = 2a$   
 OAPB è un quadrilatero convesso.

Determinare la posizione di P affinché sia MASSIMA l'area del quadrilatero APBO al variare di P

Chiamiamo  $\widehat{AOP} = x$   $0 \leq x < \frac{\pi}{2}$  *non abbiamo più un quadrilatero convesso. (\*)*

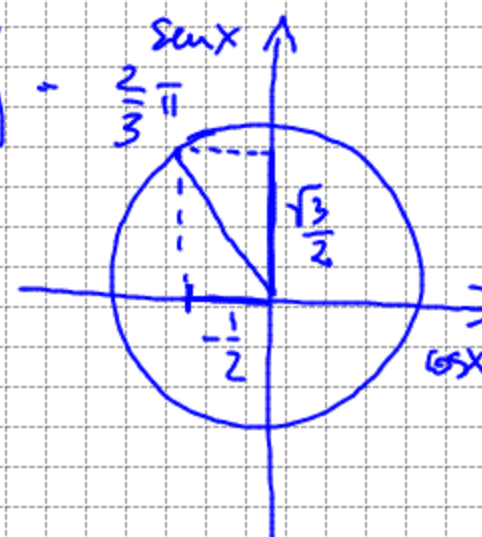
$$Q_{\Delta OAP} = \frac{\overline{OP} \times \overline{PA}}{2} = \frac{2a \cos x (2a \sin x)}{2} = 2a^2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$Q_{\Delta OPB} = \frac{1}{2} \overline{OP} \cdot \overline{OB} \sin\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi - x\right) = \frac{1}{2} (2a \cos x \cdot 2a \sin\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi - x\right)) =$$

$$= 2a^2 \cos x \left[ \sin \frac{2}{3}\pi \cos x - \cos \frac{2}{3}\pi \sin x \right] = \frac{2}{3}\pi$$

$$= 2a^2 \cos x \left[ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos x + \frac{1}{2} \sin x \right] =$$

$$= \sqrt{3} a^2 \cos^2 x + a^2 \sin x \cos x$$



$$Q(x) = Q_{\Delta OAP} + Q_{\Delta OPB} = 3a^2 \sin x \cos x + \sqrt{3} a^2 \cos^2 x$$

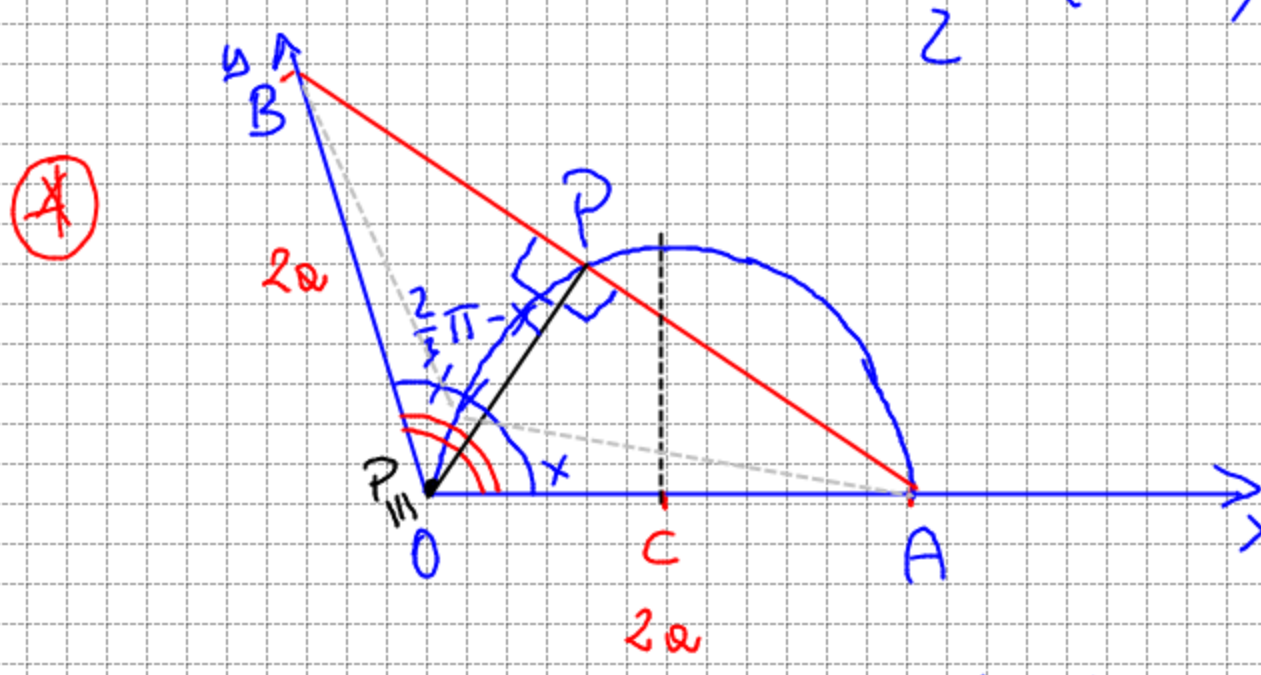
$$Q(x) = \sqrt{3} a^2 \cos x (\sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x) = a^2 (3 \sin x \cos x + \sqrt{3} \cos^2 x)$$

se  $x=0^\circ$   $Q(0) = \sqrt{3} a^2$

? se  $x=45^\circ$   $Q(45^\circ) = \sqrt{3} a^2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \left( \sqrt{3} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) =$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} a^2 (\sqrt{3} + 1) \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a^2 (\sqrt{3} + 1)$$



$OA = 2a$   
 $\overline{PO} = 2a \cos x$   
 $\widehat{POA} = \frac{\pi}{3}$

$0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{3}$  se  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$   $Q\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sqrt{3} a^2 \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) =$

$$Q(x) = \sqrt{3} a^2 \cos x (\sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x) = \sqrt{3} a^2$$

$$= a^2 \left[ 3 \sin x \cos x + \sqrt{3} \cos^2 x \right] =$$

$$= a^2 \left[ \frac{3}{2} \sin 2x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right]$$

$\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x$   
 $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x =$   
 $= 2 \cos^2 x - 1$   
 $\rightarrow \sin x \cos x = \frac{\sin 2x}{2}$   
 $\rightarrow \cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$

$$a \operatorname{sen} \alpha + b \cos \alpha = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \left( \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \operatorname{sen} \alpha + \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \cos \alpha \right)$$

$$= a^2 \left[ \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{sen} 2x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right] = a^2 \left[ \sqrt{\frac{9}{4} + \frac{3}{4}} \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{sen} 2x + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left] = a^2 \left[ \sqrt{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \operatorname{sen} 2x + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right] =$$

$\downarrow \cos \frac{\pi}{6}$ 
 $\operatorname{sen} \frac{\pi}{6}$

$$Q(x) = a^2 \left[ \sqrt{3} \operatorname{sen} \left( 2x + \frac{\pi}{6} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right]$$

$$Q\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sqrt{3} a^2$$

$$Q\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} a^2$$

