

P. 3A Es. 83

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \quad \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha - 2 \sin^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - 2(1 - \cos^2 \alpha) = \\ = \cos^2 \alpha - 2 + 2 \cos^2 \alpha = 3 \cos^2 \alpha - 2$$

m 85

$$\sin^4 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha - 2 = (1 - \cos^2 \alpha)^2 + 1 - \cos^2 \alpha - 2 = \\ = 1 + \cos^4 \alpha - 2 \cos^2 \alpha + 1 - \cos^2 \alpha - 2 = \\ = \cos^4 \alpha - 3 \cos^2 \alpha$$

87)

$$\begin{aligned} & (\lambda - \sin \alpha)(\lambda + \sin \alpha) - 2(\sin^6 \alpha + \cos^6 \alpha) = \\ & = \lambda^2 - \sin^2 \alpha - 2(\sin^2 \alpha)^3 + \cos^4 \alpha = \\ & = \cos^2 \alpha - 2(1 - \cos^2 \alpha)^3 - 2\cos^6 \alpha = \\ & = \cos^2 \alpha - 2(1 - \cos^2 \alpha - 3\cos^4 \alpha + 3\cos^6 \alpha) - 2\cos^6 \alpha = \\ & = \cos^2 \alpha - 2 + 2\cos^6 \alpha + 6\cos^2 \alpha - 6\cos^4 \alpha - 2\cos^6 \alpha = \\ & = 7\cos^2 \alpha - 2 - 6\cos^4 \alpha \end{aligned}$$

н 84 $\alpha \neq k\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{ctg}^2 \alpha - 1 + \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} - 1 + 1 - \cos^2 \alpha = \\ & = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} - \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^4 \alpha}{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^4 \alpha}{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} \end{aligned}$$